

2017 Webinar Series

The presentation will begin shortly.

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Partnership to Improve Health for Children Zero to Three April 27, 2017 12:30 p.m. ET I 11:30 a.m. CT

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- Professor of Fairbanks School of Public Health and Department of Pediatrics, IU School of Medicine
- Co-chair of Indiana's Perinatal Quality Improvement
 Collaborative, Quality Improvement Committee
- Executive Director of Quality Innovation for the Riley Maternity and Newborn Health initiative
- Director of Child Health Improvement Partnership Indiana (CHIP-IN)

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No financial disclosures

Improving early identification and diagnosis of developmental delay and autism spectrum disorders

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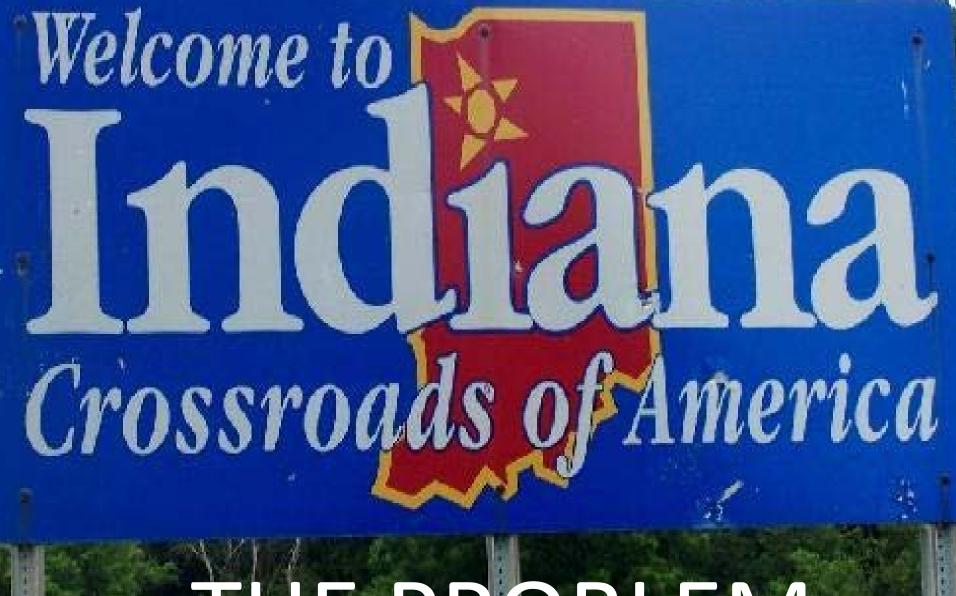








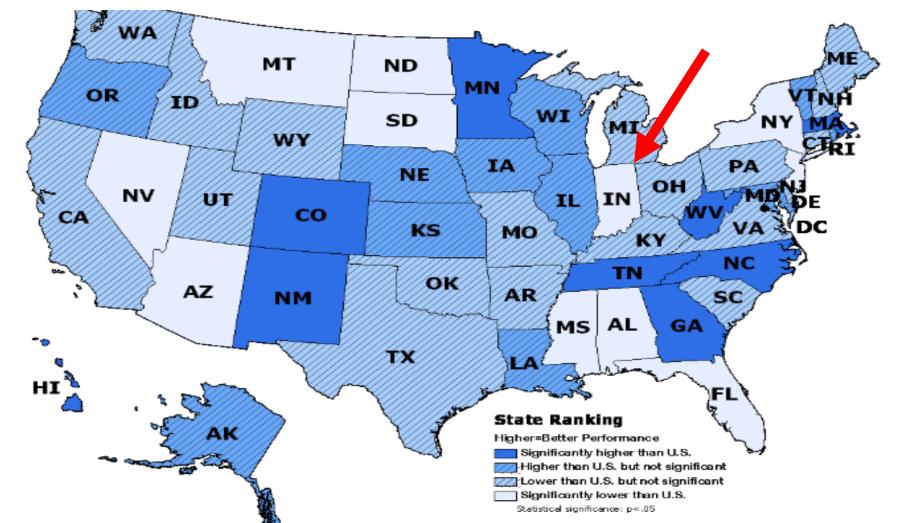




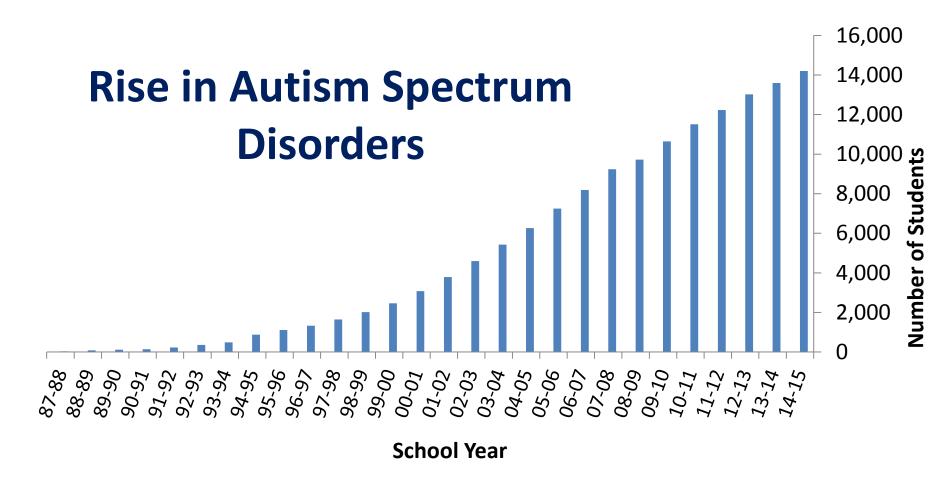
THE PROBLEM

Long waiting lists for diagnosis of autism spectrum disorders and developmental delay

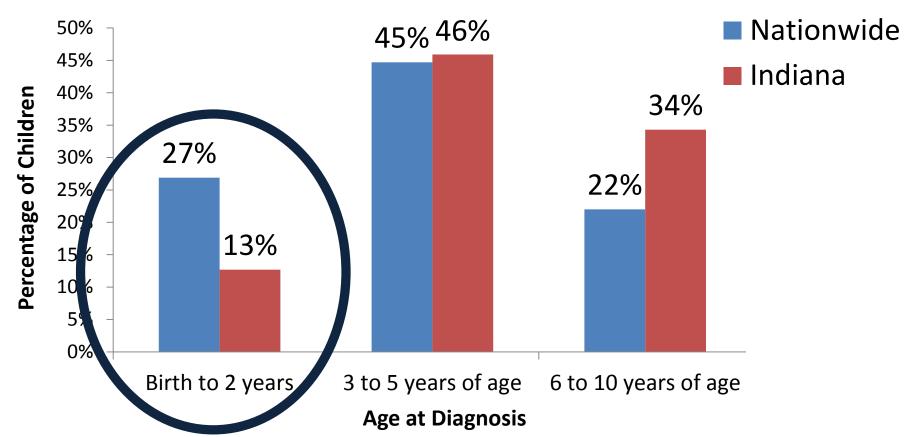
 Fewer children ages 10 mos - 5 yrs receive developmental screening IN 24% vs. US 31%



Students Identified with Autism Spectrum Disorder in Indiana's Public Schools



Average age of diagnosis in Indiana = 63 months



Source: NS-CSHCN 2009/10. Data query from the Child and Adolescent Health Measurement Initiative, Data Resource Center for Child and Adolescent Health www.childhealthdata.org.

Problems in Early Identification

- Fewer than 30% of children with developmental delays are identified before entering school
- While we may find children with high levels of impairment
 - miss many who have more subtle issues
 - children who may be great responders to intervention
- Developmental and ASD Screening all children, most of whom will not have identifiable risks or concerns at 9, 18, 24 or 30

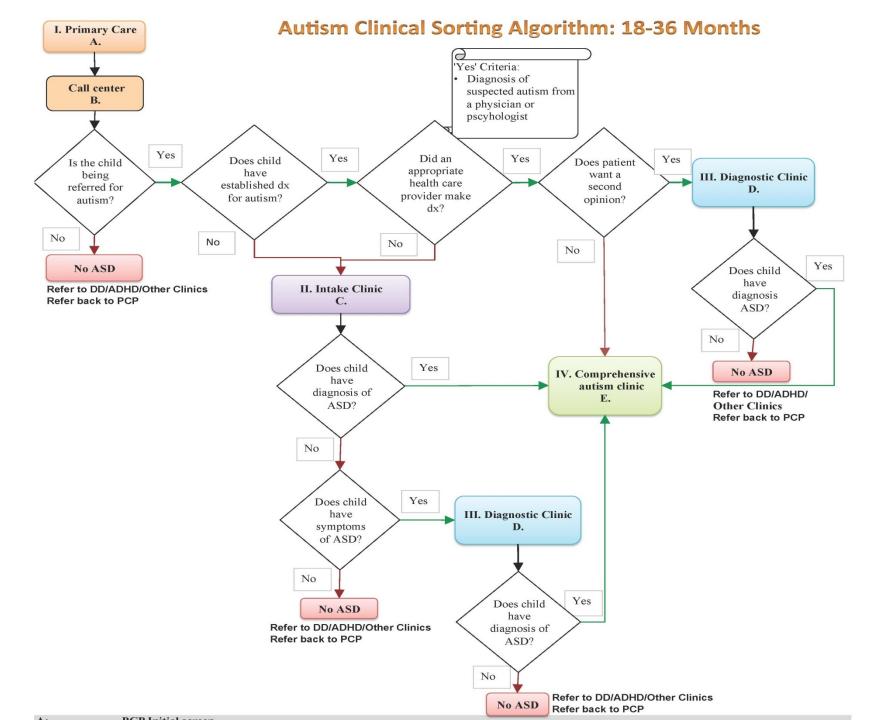
Identifying Infants & Young Children with Developmental Disorders in the Medical Home: Algorithm for Developmental Surveillance & Screening *Pediatrics* 2006;118:405-420

- Lack of screening
- Long travel times
- Long waiting lists
- Late diagnosis
- Inconsistent diagnosis
- Difficulty coordinating with community resources

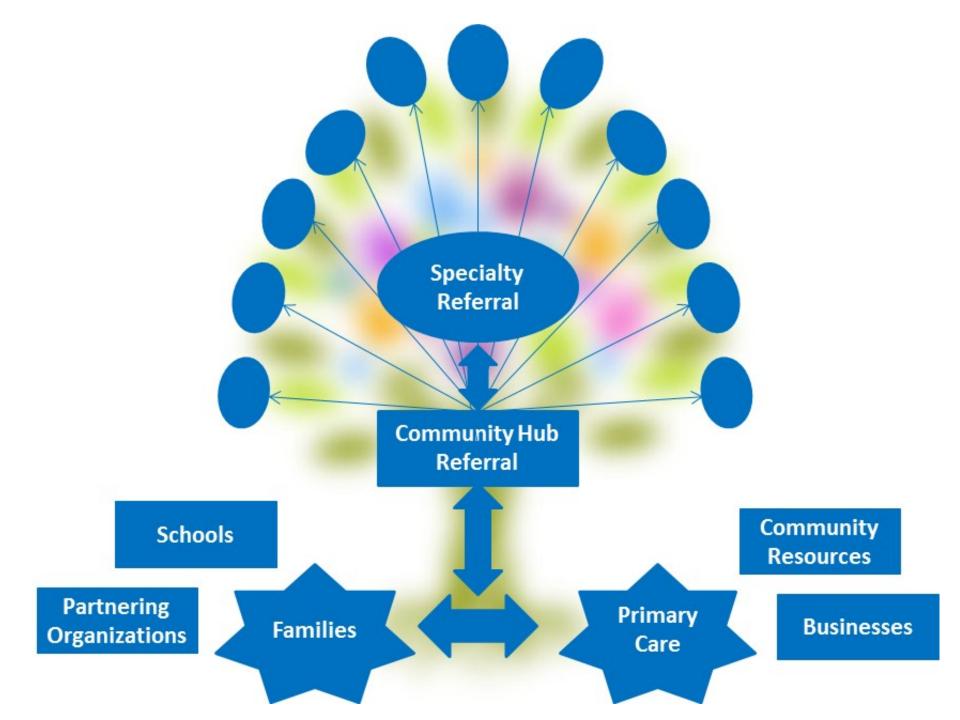
State of Indiana



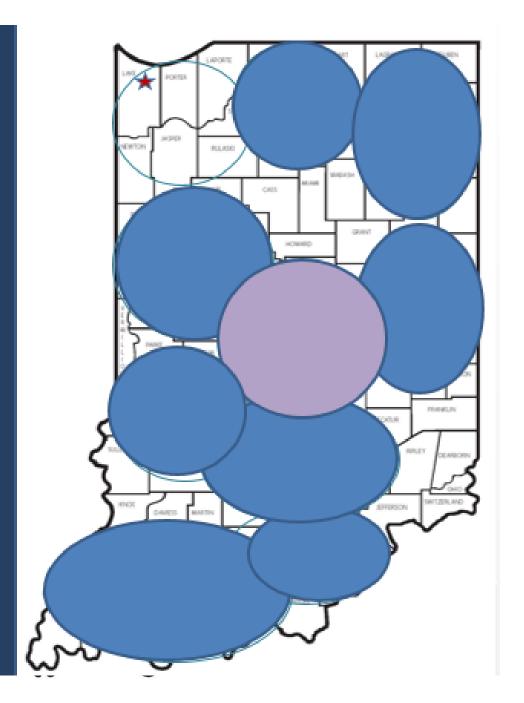
THESOLUTION







92.7%
of 0-4 year olds
in the state



The Model for Improvement

AIM

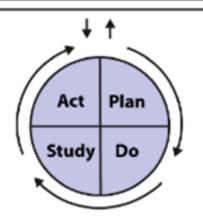
What are we trying to accomplish?

MEASURES

How will we know that a change is an improvement?

CHANGES

What changes can we make that will result in improvement?



© 2012 Associates in Process Improvement

What are we trying to accomplish? How will we know that a change is an improvement?

Aim

Decrease the age of diagnosis of DD/ASD from 5 years to under 3 years in Indiana over 3 years

Drivers Diagram Statewide System for Early Evaluation of ASD / DD

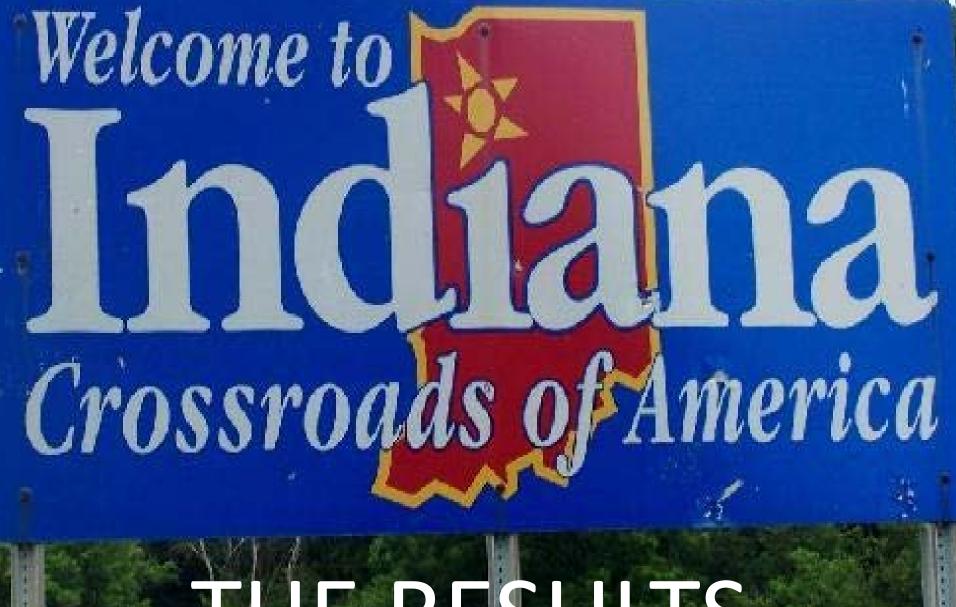
Global AIM

Decrease the age of diagnosis of DD/ASD from 5 years to under 3 years in Indiana over 36 months Primary care evidence-based screening

Utilization of tiered system with evidence based, standardized assessments

Quality tracking of services and performance

Work with community including schools, other care providers, family organizations



THERESULTS

Drivers or Core Elements

What changes can we make that will result in an improvement?

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Decrease the age of diagnosis of DD/ASD from 5 years to under 3 years in Indiana over 36 months

Primary care do evidence-based screening

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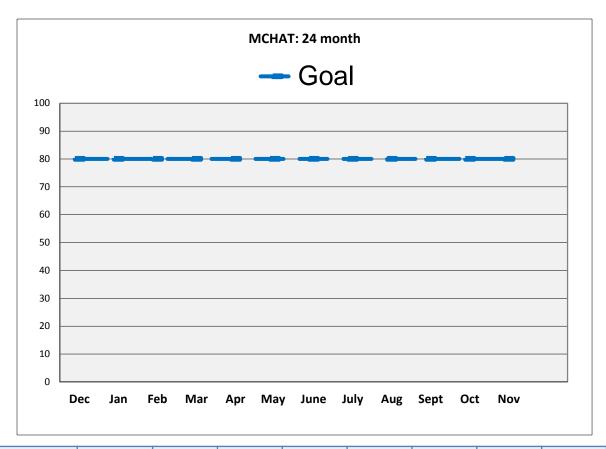
General Developmental Screening Tools

- Ages and Stages Questionnaire
- Parents' Evaluation of Developmental Status (PEDS)
- Battelle Developmental Inventory (BDI)
 Screening Test
- Bayley Infant Neurodevelopmental Screener (BINS)
- Brigance Screens-II
- Infant Development Inventory
- Child Development Review
- Child Development Inventory (CDI)
- Denver-II Developmental Screening

Autism Screening Tools

- Modified Checklist for Autism in Toddlers (M-CHAT R/F)
- Autism Behavior Checklist (ABC)
- Checklist for Autism in Toddlers
- Modified Checklist for Autism in Toddlers-23 (CHAT-23)
- Pervasive Developmental Disorders Screening Test-II (PDDST-II) - Stage 1-Primary Care Screener
- Pervasive Developmental Disorders
 Screening Test-II (PDDST-II) Stage 2 Developmental Clinic Screener
- Screening Tool for Autism in Two-Year-Olds (STAT)
- Social Communication Questionnaire

Data from Primary Care Physicians



MCHAT	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	June	July	Aug	Sept	Oct	Nov	Dec
# Screened												
# Passed												
# Failed												
# Referred												

Referrals by Hub from Primary Care Physicians

Hub Name	# PCPs who made						
	<5 Referrals	>5 Referrals					
A	26	17					
В	12	0					
C	55	2					
D	4	1					
E	23	1					
F	19	1					
G	22	1					
Н	49	5					
	257	2					

Total

Drivers or Core Elements

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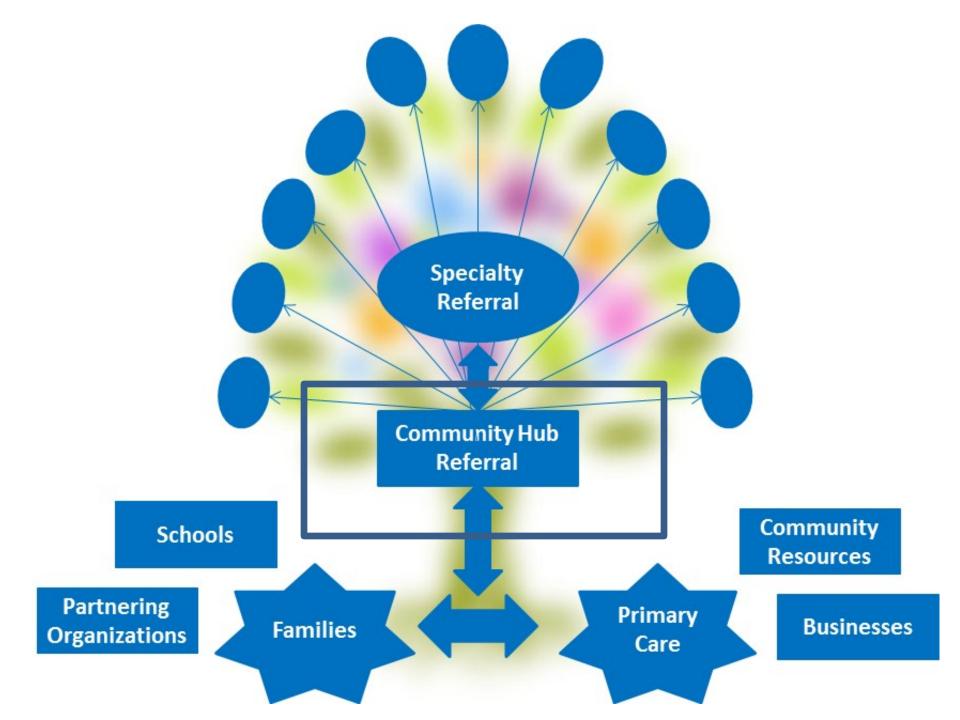
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Memorandum Of Understanding

- Promote community screening with standardized tools
- Early Diagnosis Hub
 - Develop team (MD, nurse, care coordinator, staff)
 - Complete curriculum
 - Accept referrals of children with concerns based on screening [goal: across systems and insurers]
 - Provide medical work-up and evaluation
- Quality improvement
 - Collect and share de-identified data
 - Participate in a Learning Community
- Promote family-centered and community care

Curriculum 6 day intensive with practicum

Nancy Swigonski, MD, MPH
Mary Jo Paladino, MSA
Angela Paxton, BS
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Thomas Lock, MD
Angela Tomlin, PhD, HSPP
Cassie Karlsson, MD

- Developmental Screening
- Common concerns
- Structured interview
- STAT and STAT practice
- Differential diagnosis
 - Medical / genetic conditions
 - Behavioral disorders
 - Autism DSM 5 criteria
- Delivering news / cultural issues
- Resources and referrals
- Billing
- QI basics and tests of change

Screening Tool for Autism in Toddlers and Young Children (STAT™)



- Empirically based, interactive measure
- 12 items, 20 minutes to administer
- Key social & communicative behaviors
 - o Imitation
 - o Play

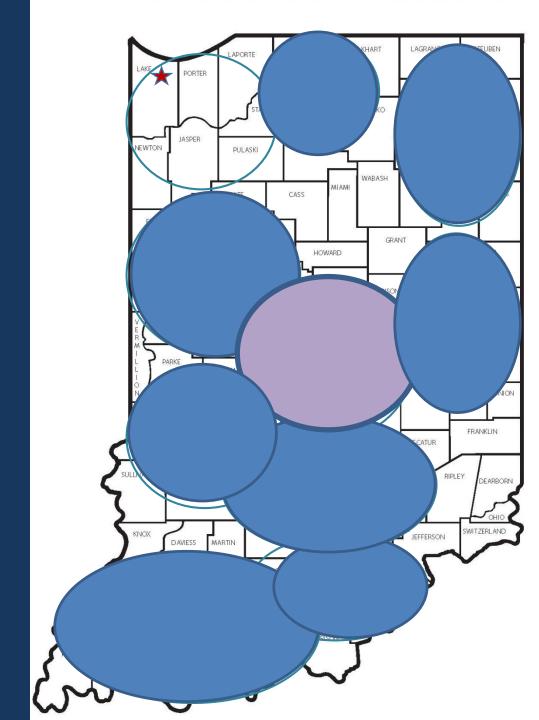
- Requesting
- Directing attention

Parkview Children's Clinic 11115 Parkview Plaza Dr. Fort Wayne, IN 46845 T 260.266.5400

Beacon Medical Group Centennial Health Center 621 Centennial Dr., # 402 South Bend, IN 46601 T 574.647.2500

Suzanne Gresham Center 3620 W. White River Blvd Muncie, IN 47304 T 765.741.0324

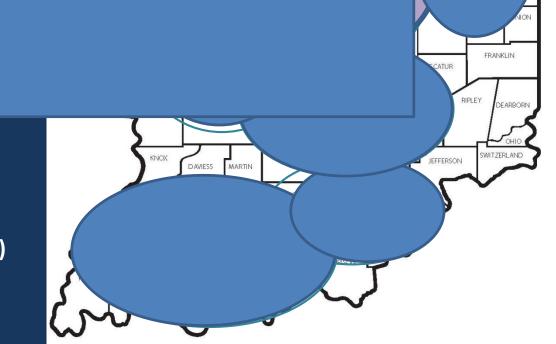
Riley Outpatient Center (ROC) 575 Riley Hospital Dr., MSA 1 Indianapolis, IN 46202 T 317.944.4846



Deaconess Riley Children's Specialty Center
4133 Gateway Blvd., Suite 220
Newburgh, IN 47630
T 812.858.3143

2305 Green Valley Rd. New Albany, IN 47150 T 812.949.0405

Union Associated Physicians (UAP Clinic) 221 S. Sixth St., Terre Haute, IN 47807 T 812.242.3105



Drivers or Core Elements

What changes can we make that will result in an improvement?

Global AIM

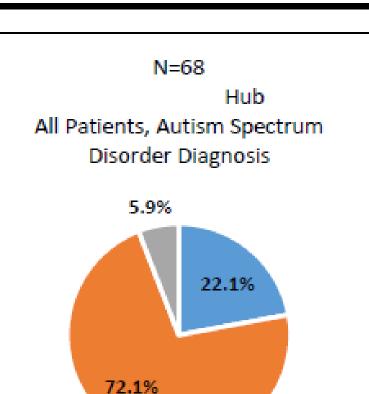
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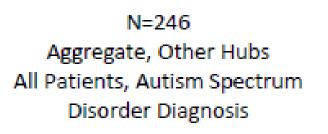
Quality tracking of services and performance

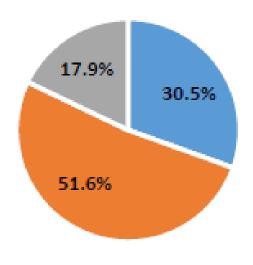
Work with community including schools, other care providers, family organizations





- Developmental Delay, No ASD
- Needs Further Assessment





- ASD
- Developmental Delay, No ASD
- Needs Further Assessment

Drivers or Core Elements

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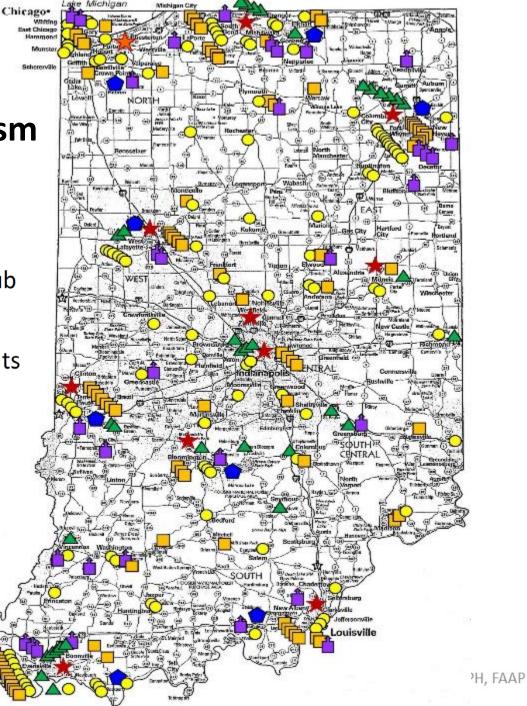
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Developmental and Autism Screening Outreach

- ★ 9 Early Evaluation Hubs
- ★ 1 Future Early Evaluation Hub
- 108 Primary Care Visits
- ▲ 35 Grand Rounds/CME Events
- 87 Community Visits
- **32** School Visits



Drivers or Core Elements

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N=1023
All Indiana Early Evaluation Clinics
Average Age of ASD Diagnosis = 29 months
Average Age of DD Diagnosis = 29 months



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Extra Slides for Questions

What is Autism Spectrum Disorder?

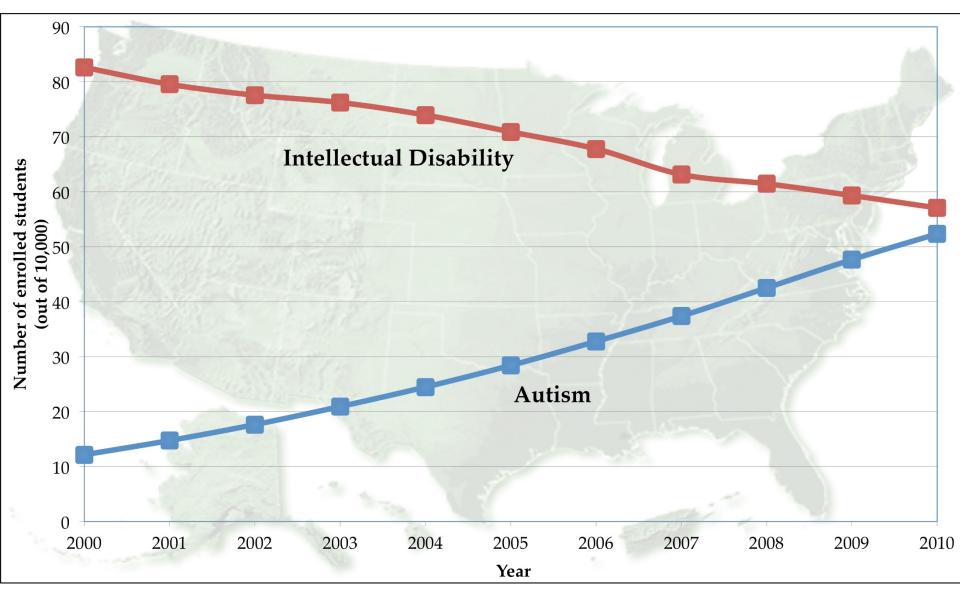
- A group of complex disorders of brain development
- Characterized by difficulties in
 - Social communication (verbal and nonverbal)
 - Restricted interests / repetitive behaviors
- Associated with intellectual disability in 50-70%
- Most obvious signs and symptoms of autism emerge between 2 and 3 years of age

How Common is Autism?

- 1 in 68*
 - -Girls 1/252
 - -Boys 1/54 (4-5 X more common than girls)
- 10X increase in prevalence in 40 years

What Causes Autism?

- No one cause of autism and no one type of autism
- Gene changes or mutations associated with autism
- Combination of autism risk genes and environmental factors influencing early brain development
 - genetic predisposition to autism
 - nongenetic, or "environmental," stresses -- advanced parental age at time of conception (both mom and dad), maternal illness during pregnancy and difficulties during birth



http://science.psu.edu/news-and-events/2015-news/images/research/bmb/image-related-to-research-by-santhosh-girirajangonski, MD, MPH, FAAP

When Can ASD Be Identified?

- Sibling research (Mitchell et al, 2006)
 - 12 month differences in gesture and receptive language
 - 15% siblings had ASD at 2 years of age
- Home movies looking back at children with ASD at 12-18 months of age (Palomo et al, 2006)
 - Less pointing to share an interest
 - Less eye contact as integrated communicative act
 - Less communicative babbling
 - No response to name
 - Confirms a regression in a third (33-39%)
- Screening 18 and 24 months of age with tool



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https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/hpoe-webinar-04-27-17

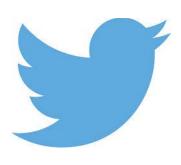






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- May 9
 - The AONE Care Innovation and Transformation
 Program: Improved Outcomes and Value-Based Care



